

Example Session for Weight Based Deduplication

Andreas Borg

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This document shows an example session using the package *RecordLinkage*. A single data set is deduplicated using the EM algorithm for weight calculation. Conducting linkage of two data sets differs only in the step of generating record pairs.

1 Generating record pairs

The data to be deduplicated is expected to reside in a data frame or matrix, each row containing one record. Example data sets of 500 and 10000 records are included in the package as `RLData500` and `RLData10000`.

```
> data(RLdata500)
> RLdata500[1:5, ]

  fname_c1 fname_c2 lname_c1 lname_c2   by bm bd
1  CARSTEN   <NA>    MEIER     <NA> 1949 7 22
2    GERD   <NA>    BAUER     <NA> 1968 7 27
3  ROBERT   <NA>  HARTMANN  <NA> 1930 4 30
4  STEFAN   <NA>    WOLFF     <NA> 1957 9  2
5    RALF   <NA>    KRUEGER  <NA> 1966 1 13
```

For deduplication, `compare.dedup` is to be used. In this example, blocking is set to return only record pairs which agree in at least two components of the date of birth, resulting in 810 pairs. The argument `identity` preserves the true matching status for later evaluation.

```
> pairs = compare.dedup(RLdata500, identity = identity.RLdata500,
+   blockfld = list(c(5, 6), c(6, 7),
+   c(5, 7)))
> summary(pairs)
```

Deduplication Data Set

500 records

571 record pairs

49 matches

522 non-matches

0 pairs with unknown status

2 Weight calculation

Weights are calculated with the EM algorithm. This step is computationally intensive and might take a while. The histogram shows the resulting weight distribution.

```
> pairs = emWeights(pairs)

> hist(pairs$Wdata, plot = FALSE)

$breaks
 [1] -15 -10 -5  0  5 10 15 20 25 30 35
[12] 40 45

$counts
 [1] 352 13  0  0  5 26 42 123  9  0  0
[12]  1

$intensities
 [1] 0.1232924447 0.0045534151 0.0000000000
 [4] 0.0000000000 0.0017513135 0.0091068301
 [7] 0.0147110333 0.0430823117 0.0031523643
[10] 0.0000000000 0.0000000000 0.0003502627

$density
 [1] 0.1232924447 0.0045534151 0.0000000000
 [4] 0.0000000000 0.0017513135 0.0091068301
 [7] 0.0147110333 0.0430823117 0.0031523643
[10] 0.0000000000 0.0000000000 0.0003502627

$mids
 [1] -12.5 -7.5 -2.5  2.5  7.5 12.5 17.5
 [8] 22.5 27.5 32.5 37.5 42.5

$xname
 [1] "pairs$Wdata"

$equidist
 [1] TRUE

attr(,"class")
 [1] "histogram"
```

3 Classification

For determining thresholds, record pairs within a given range of weights can be printed using `getPairs`¹. In this case, 24 is set as upper and -7 as lower

¹The output of `getPairs` is shortened in this document.

threshold, dividing links, possible links and non-links. The summary shows the resulting contingency table and error measures.

```
> getPairs(pairs, 30, 20)
```

	Weight	id	fname_c1	fname_c2	lname_c1
23	24.11923	106	ANDRE	<NA>	MUELLER
24		175	ANDRE	<NA>	MUELLER
25	24.11923	370	MONIKA	<NA>	MUELLER
26		478	MONIKA	<NA>	MUELLER
27	24.08427	127	KARL	<NA>	KLEIN
28		142	KARL	<NA>	KLEIBN
29	21.69109	61	ANDRE	<NA>	FISCHER
30		254	STEFANIE	<NA>	FISCHER
31	21.69109	353	INGE	<NA>	SEIDEL
32		355	INGEU	<NA>	SEIDEL
33	21.69109	17	ALEXANDER	<NA>	MUELLER
34		193	CHRISTIAN	<NA>	MUELLER
35	21.65612	389	URSULA	<NA>	HOFFMANN
36		449	CHRISTA	<NA>	KRUEGER

	lname_c2	by	bm	bd
23	<NA>	1976	2	25
24	<NA>	1976	1	25
25	<NA>	2000	8	26
26	<NA>	2000	5	26
27	<NA>	2002	6	20
28	<NA>	2002	6	29
29	<NA>	1943	6	25
30	<NA>	1943	11	25
31	<NA>	1949	9	4
32	<NA>	1949	8	4
33	<NA>	1974	9	9
34	<NA>	1974	8	9
35	<NA>	1929	5	12
36	<NA>	1929	5	2

```
> pairs = emClassify(pairs, threshold.upper = 24,  
+   threshold.lower = -7)  
> summary(pairs)
```

Deduplication Data Set

500 records

571 record pairs

49 matches

522 non-matches

0 pairs with unknown status

Weight distribution:

[-15,-10]	(-10,-5]	(-5,0]	(0,5]	(5,10]
352	13	0	0	5
(10,15]	(15,20]	(20,25]	(25,30]	(30,35]
26	42	123	9	0
(35,40]	(40,45]			
0	1			

15 links detected
198 possible links detected
358 non-links detected

alpha error: 0.000000
beta error: 0.002786
accuracy: 0.997319

Classification table:

	classification		
true status	N	P	L
FALSE	358	163	1
TRUE	0	35	14

Review of the record pairs denoted as possible links is facilitated by `getPairs`, which can be forced to show only possible links via argument `show`. A list with the ids of linked pairs can be extracted from the output of `getPairs` with argument `single.rows` set to `TRUE`.

```
> possibles <- getPairs(pairs, show = "possible")
> possibles[1:6, ]
```

	Weight	id	fname_c1	fname_c2	lname_c1
1	21.691086	61	ANDRE	<NA>	FISCHER
2		254	STEFANIE	<NA>	FISCHER
3	21.691086	353	INGE	<NA>	SEIDEL
4		355	INGEU	<NA>	SEIDEL
5	21.691086	17	ALEXANDER	<NA>	MUELLER
6		193	CHRISTIAN	<NA>	MUELLER

	lname_c2	by	bm	bd
1	<NA>	1943	6	25
2	<NA>	1943	11	25
3	<NA>	1949	9	4
4	<NA>	1949	8	4
5	<NA>	1974	9	9
6	<NA>	1974	8	9

```
> links = getPairs(pairs, show = "links",
+   single.rows = TRUE)
> link_ids <- links[, c("id1", "id2")]
> link_ids
```

	id1	id2
290	290	466
357	357	414
297	297	388
286	286	383
50	50	234
87	87	117
145	145	240
289	289	399
313	313	457
467	467	472
183	183	444
25	25	107
106	106	175
370	370	478
127	127	142