

yotover: An R package to support analysis and reproduce results from An Advanced Guide to Trade Policy Analysis

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Summary

The tools created by the open source community have greatly eased the burden of documenting work in econometrics according to Koenker & Zeileis (2009). We decided to try to reproduce the results from Yotov, Piermartini, Monteiro, & Larch (2016) by using the R programming language to see if we could reproduce its results as it was done with other studies in the aforementioned article.

`yotover` is an R package designed to organize our replication work, which support analysis of the datasets accompanying the book *An Advanced Guide to Trade Policy Analysis* (Yotov et al., 2016). We followed the work of Ross, Eskew, & Ray (2019) in ecology, and we were able to perform a full replication of the results, in part because the authors provided linked analytical data and documented executable Stata code, leaving space for contributions such as this in particular. How Yotov et al. (2016) provided their results contributes to an effective communication of research, and in the reproducibility spectrum their work is closer to the full replication gold standard described in Peng (2011) than to publication only.

To facilitate further analysis of the original datasets, the `yotover` package creates a local, embedded database with the corresponding data. This avoids the need for users to pre-process the data, preventing the user from converting the original files in the proprietary ‘dta’ format and/or organizing plain text files. The DuckDB back-end (Raasveldt & Mühleisen, 2019) allows high-performance querying and is accessible via a DBI- and `dplyr`-compatible interface familiar to most R users (R Special Interest Group on Databases (R-SIG-DB), Wickham, & Müller, 2018; Wickham, François, Henry, & Müller, 2019), and our approach respects CRAN packages policies regarding datasets.

This works aims at making the reproduction of the original results more accessible throughout the distribution of both open source software and open formats data. Previous work in the R community, such as Wölwer, Breßlein, & Burgard (2018), Wölwer, Burgard, Kunst, & Vargas (2018) and Porto (2020) have already started easing estimation methods for gravity models in R.

Future work

Regardless of how innovative this replication may look, we aimed at using common R packages to ease future work and present carpentry software which can be adapted so that others can create derivative works of this to reproduce different studies. With respect to code correctness, we used Wickham (2011) in order to check all the formal aspects, such as database connection and disconnection, besides the expected function’s output.

There is future work for `yotover` and R in general. A problem that we faced is working with clustered standard robust errors, which is not easy to do in R, and also performance can be a problem. Fitting generalized linear models with fixed effects can be computationally intensive, and existing packages that already solve performance issues, such as Enea (2017) which can reduce the computation to the half in our tests compared to base R, do not work with packages for multi-way standard error clustering such as Graham, Arai, & Hagströmer (2016).

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